

SAFETY DATA SHEET



ALPOCRYL KF 5372-30 - All variants

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : ALPOCRYL KF 5372-30 - All variants

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use : Paint.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.

e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS : Prod-safe@teknos.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

National advisory body/Poison Centre

Telephone number : In an emergency, call 112

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Flam. Liq. 3, H226

STOT SE 3, H336

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms :



Signal word : Warning

Hazard statements : H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour.
H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Precautionary statements

Prevention : P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P261 - Avoid breathing vapour.

Response : P304 + P312 - IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.

Storage : P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Disposal : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Hazardous ingredients : Contains: n-Butyl acetate

Supplemental label elements : Contains Methyl methacrylate and N,N,4-trimethylpiperazine-1-ethylamine. May produce an allergic reaction.

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Annex XVII - Restrictions :
on the manufacture,
placing on the market and
use of certain dangerous
substances, mixtures and
articles

2.3 Other hazards

Product meets the criteria : This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a
for PBT or vPvB according vPvB.
to Regulation (EC) No.
1907/2006, Annex XIII

Other hazards which do : None known.
not result in classification

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Type
n-Butyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119485493-29 EC: 204-658-1 CAS: 123-86-4 Index: 607-025-00-1	≥25 - ≤50	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	-	[1] [2]
2-butoxyethyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119475112-47 EC: 203-933-3 CAS: 112-07-2 Index: 607-038-00-2	≤5	Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332	ATE [Dermal] = 1500 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/ l	[1] [2]
Methyl methacrylate	REACH #: 01-2119452498-28 EC: 201-297-1 CAS: 80-62-6 Index: 607-035-00-6	<1	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT SE 3, H335	-	[1] [2]
N,N,4-trimethylpiperazine-1-ethylamine	EC: 203-183-7 CAS: 104-19-8	<1	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 3, H311 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	ATE [Oral] = 500 mg/kg ATE [Dermal] = 300 mg/kg	[1]
bis(2-dimethylaminoethyl) (methyl)aminebis (2-dimethylaminoethyl) (methyl)amine	EC: 221-201-1 CAS: 3030-47-5	≤0.3	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 3, H311 Acute Tox. 3, H331 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	ATE [Oral] = 500 mg/kg ATE [Dermal] = 300 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 3 mg/l	[1]

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Type

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

- Eye contact** : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.
- Inhalation** : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
- Skin contact** : Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
- Ingestion** : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- Eye contact** : No specific data.
- Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
nausea or vomiting
headache
drowsiness/fatigue
dizziness/vertigo
unconsciousness
- Skin contact** : No specific data.
- Ingestion** : No specific data.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

- Notes to physician** : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
- Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media** : Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media** : Do not use water jet.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

- Hazards from the substance or mixture** : Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.
- Hazardous combustion products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:
carbon dioxide
carbon monoxide
metal oxide/oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

- Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- For non-emergency personnel** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
- For emergency responders** : If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions

- : Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

- Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Absorb with an inert material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
- Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.4 Reference to other sections : See Section 1 for emergency contact information.
See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.
See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

- Protective measures** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
- Advice on general occupational hygiene** : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds

Danger criteria

Category	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
P5c	5000 tonnes	50000 tonnes

7.3 Specific end use(s)

- Recommendations** : Not available.
- Industrial sector specific solutions** : Not available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
n-Butyl acetate	Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 12/2024) [Butylacetat alle Isomeren außer tert-Butylacet] CEIL: 480 mg/m ³ . CEIL: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 241 mg/m ³ . TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.
2-butoxyethyl acetate	Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 12/2024) Absorbed through skin.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Methyl methacrylate	<p>TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 133 mg/m³. PEAK 30 minutes: 40 ppm 4 times per shift. PEAK 30 minutes: 270 mg/m³ 4 times per shift.</p> <p>Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 12/2024) Skin sensitiser. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 210 mg/m³. CEIL 5 minutes: 100 ppm 8 times per shift. CEIL 5 minutes: 420 mg/m³ 8 times per shift.</p>
n-Butyl acetate	<p>Limit values (Belgium, 12/2023) [butylacetaat] STEL 15 minutes: 712 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 238 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.</p>
2-butoxyethyl acetate	<p>Limit values (Belgium, 12/2023) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 133 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 333 mg/m³.</p>
Methyl methacrylate	<p>Limit values (Belgium, 12/2023) TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 208 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 416 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm.</p>
n-Butyl acetate	<p>Ministry of Labour and Social Policy and the Ministry of Health - Ordinance No 13/2003. (Bulgaria, 4/2024) Limit value 8 hours: 241 mg/m³. Limit value 15 minutes: 723 mg/m³. Limit value 15 minutes: 150 ppm. Limit value 8 hours: 50 ppm.</p>
2-butoxyethyl acetate	<p>Ministry of Labour and Social Policy and the Ministry of Health - Ordinance No 13/2003. (Bulgaria, 4/2024) Absorbed through skin. Limit value 8 hours: 133 mg/m³. Limit value 15 minutes: 333 mg/m³. Limit value 8 hours: 20 ppm. Limit value 15 minutes: 50 ppm.</p>
Methyl methacrylate	<p>Ministry of Labour and Social Policy and the Ministry of Health - Ordinance No 13/2003. (Bulgaria, 4/2024) Limit value 8 hours: 50 ppm. Limit value 15 minutes: 100 ppm.</p>
n-Butyl acetate	<p>Ordinance on the protection of workers from exposure to hazardous chemicals at work, exposure limit values (Annex I) (Croatia, 12/2023) STELV 15 minutes: 723 mg/m³. STELV 15 minutes: 150 ppm. ELV 8 hours: 241 mg/m³. ELV 8 hours: 50 ppm.</p>
2-butoxyethyl acetate	<p>Ordinance on the protection of workers from exposure to hazardous chemicals at work, exposure limit values (Annex I) (Croatia, 12/2023) Absorbed through skin. STELV 15 minutes: 333 mg/m³. STELV 15 minutes: 50 ppm. ELV 8 hours: 133 mg/m³. ELV 8 hours: 20 ppm.</p>
Methyl methacrylate	<p>Ordinance on the protection of workers from exposure to hazardous chemicals at work, exposure limit values (Annex I) (Croatia, 12/2023) Absorbed through skin , Skin sensitiser. STELV 15 minutes: 100 ppm. ELV 8 hours: 50 ppm.</p>

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n-Butyl acetate	Department of labour inspection (Cyprus, 7/2021) STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 723 mg/m ³ . TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 241 mg/m ³ .
2-butoxyethyl acetate	Department of labour inspection (Cyprus, 7/2021) Absorbed through skin. STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 333 mg/m ³ . TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 133 mg/m ³ .
Methyl methacrylate	Department of labour inspection (Cyprus, 7/2021) STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.
n-Butyl acetate	Government regulation of Czech Republic PEL/NPK-P (Czech Republic, 12/2023) TWA 8 hours: 241 mg/m ³ . STEL 15 minutes: 723 mg/m ³ . STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.
2-butoxyethyl acetate	Government regulation of Czech Republic PEL/NPK-P (Czech Republic, 12/2023) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 130 mg/m ³ . TWA 8 hours: 19.5 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 300 mg/m ³ . STEL 15 minutes: 45 ppm.
Methyl methacrylate	Government regulation of Czech Republic PEL/NPK-P (Czech Republic, 12/2023) Sensitiser. TWA 8 hours: 50 mg/m ³ . TWA 8 hours: 12 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 150 mg/m ³ . STEL 15 minutes: 36 ppm.
n-Butyl acetate	Working Environment Authority (Denmark, 12/2024) [butylacetat, alle isomerer] TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 241 mg/m ³ . STEL 15 minutes: 723 mg/m ³ . STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm.
2-butoxyethyl acetate	Working Environment Authority (Denmark, 12/2024) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 134 mg/m ³ . STEL 15 minutes: 333 mg/m ³ . STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm.
Methyl methacrylate	Working Environment Authority (Denmark, 12/2024) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 25 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 102 mg/m ³ . STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm.
n-Butyl acetate	Occupational exposure limits, Regulation No. 293 (Estonia, 4/2024) STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 723 mg/m ³ . TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 241 mg/m ³ .
2-butoxyethyl acetate	Occupational exposure limits, Regulation No. 293 (Estonia, 4/2024) Absorbed through skin , Sensitiser. TWA 8 hours: 133 mg/m ³ . TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 333 mg/m ³ . STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm.
Methyl methacrylate	Occupational exposure limits, Regulation No. 293 (Estonia,

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n-Butyl acetate	<p>4/2024) Sensitiser. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm.</p> <p>EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022) STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 723 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 241 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.</p>
2-butoxyethyl acetate	<p>EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 133 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 333 mg/m³.</p>
Methyl methacrylate	<p>EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022) TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm.</p>
n-Butyl acetate	<p>Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs (Finland, 10/2021) TWA 8 hours: 150 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 720 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 200 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 960 mg/m³.</p>
2-butoxyethyl acetate	<p>Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs (Finland, 10/2021) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 130 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 330 mg/m³.</p>
Methyl methacrylate	<p>Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs (Finland, 10/2021) TWA 8 hours: 10 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 42 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 210 mg/m³.</p>
n-Butyl acetate	<p>Ministry of Labor (France, 6/2024) TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code) TWA 8 hours: 241 mg/m³. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code) STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code) STEL 15 minutes: 723 mg/m³. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code)</p>
2-butoxyethyl acetate	<p>Ministry of Labor (France, 6/2024) Absorbed through skin. STEL 15 minutes: 333 mg/m³. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code) STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code) TWA 8 hours: 66.5 mg/m³. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code) TWA 8 hours: 10 ppm. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code)</p>
Methyl methacrylate	<p>Ministry of Labor (France, 6/2024) TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code) TWA 8 hours: 205 mg/m³. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code) STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code) STEL 15 minutes: 410 mg/m³. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code)</p>

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n-Butyl acetate	<p>TRGS 900 OEL (Germany, 6/2024) TWA 8 hours: 300 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 62 ppm. PEAK 15 minutes: 600 mg/m³. PEAK 15 minutes: 124 ppm.</p> <p>DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2024) Develop C. TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. PEAK 15 minutes: 200 ppm 4 times per shift [Interval: 1 hour]. TWA 8 hours: 480 mg/m³. PEAK 15 minutes: 960 mg/m³ 4 times per shift [Interval: 1 hour].</p>
2-butoxyethyl acetate	<p>TRGS 900 OEL (Germany, 6/2024) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 65 mg/m³. PEAK 15 minutes: 130 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 10 ppm. PEAK 15 minutes: 20 ppm.</p> <p>DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2024) Develop C. Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 10 ppm. PEAK 15 minutes: 20 ppm 4 times per shift [Interval: 1 hour]. TWA 8 hours: 66 mg/m³. PEAK 15 minutes: 132 mg/m³ 4 times per shift [Interval: 1 hour].</p>
Methyl methacrylate	<p>TRGS 900 OEL (Germany, 6/2024) TWA 8 hours: 210 mg/m³. PEAK 15 minutes: 420 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. PEAK 15 minutes: 100 ppm.</p> <p>DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2024) Develop C. Skin sensitiser. TWA 8 hours: 50 ml/m³. PEAK 15 minutes: 100 ppm 4 times per shift [Interval: 1 hour]. TWA 8 hours: 210 mg/m³. PEAK 15 minutes: 420 mg/m³ 4 times per shift [Interval: 1 hour]. PEAK 15 minutes: 100 ml/m³ 4 times per shift [Interval: 1 hour].</p>
n-Butyl acetate	<p>Presidential Decree 307/1986: Occupational exposure limit values (Greece, 8/2024) TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 241 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 723 mg/m³.</p>
2-butoxyethyl acetate	<p>Presidential Decree 307/1986: Occupational exposure limit values (Greece, 8/2024) TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 135 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 40 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 270 mg/m³.</p>
Methyl methacrylate	<p>Presidential Decree 307/1986: Occupational exposure limit values (Greece, 8/2024) STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.</p>
n-Butyl acetate	<p>5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM Decree (Hungary, 1/2025) Sensitiser. TWA 8 hours: 241 mg/m³. PEAK 15 minutes: 723 mg/m³. PEAK 15 minutes: 150 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.</p>
2-butoxyethyl acetate	<p>5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM Decree (Hungary, 1/2025) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 133 mg/m³. PEAK 15 minutes: 333 mg/m³. PEAK 15 minutes: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.</p>
Methyl methacrylate	<p>5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM Decree (Hungary, 1/2025) Absorbed through skin , Sensitiser.</p>

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n-Butyl acetate	<p>TWA 8 hours: 208 mg/m³. PEAK 15 minutes: 415 mg/m³. PEAK 15 minutes: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.</p> <p>Ministry of Welfare, List of Exposure Limits (Iceland, 11/2024) [bútýlasetat, allir ísómerar] TWA 8 hours: 241 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 723 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm.</p>
2-butoxyethyl acetate	<p>Ministry of Welfare, List of Exposure Limits (Iceland, 11/2024) Absorbed through skin. STEL 15 minutes: 333 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 133 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.</p>
Methyl methacrylate	<p>Ministry of Welfare, List of Exposure Limits (Iceland, 11/2024) Absorbed through skin , Sensitiser. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.</p>
n-Butyl acetate	<p>NAOSH (Ireland, 4/2024) Notes: EU derived Occupational Exposure Limit Values OELV 8 hours: 50 ppm. OELV 8 hours: 241 mg/m³. OELV 15 minutes: 150 ppm. OELV 15 minutes: 723 mg/m³.</p>
2-butoxyethyl acetate	<p>NAOSH (Ireland, 4/2024) Absorbed through skin. Notes: EU derived Occupational Exposure Limit Values OELV 8 hours: 20 ppm. OELV 8 hours: 133 mg/m³. OELV 15 minutes: 50 ppm. OELV 15 minutes: 333 mg/m³.</p>
Methyl methacrylate	<p>NAOSH (Ireland, 4/2024) Sensitiser. Notes: EU derived Occupational Exposure Limit Values OELV 8 hours: 50 ppm. OELV 15 minutes: 100 ppm.</p>
n-Butyl acetate	<p>Legislative Decree No. 81/2008. Title IX. Protection from chemical agents, carcinogens and mutagens (Italy, 9/2024) Short Term 15 minutes: 150 ppm. Short Term 15 minutes: 723 mg/m³. Limit value 8 hours: 50 ppm. Limit value 8 hours: 241 mg/m³.</p>
2-butoxyethyl acetate	<p>Legislative Decree No. 81/2008. Title IX. Protection from chemical agents, carcinogens and mutagens (Italy, 9/2024) Absorbed through skin. Limit value 8 hours: 20 ppm. Limit value 8 hours: 133 mg/m³. Short Term 15 minutes: 50 ppm. Short Term 15 minutes: 333 mg/m³.</p>
Methyl methacrylate	<p>Legislative Decree No. 81/2008. Title IX. Protection from chemical agents, carcinogens and mutagens (Italy, 9/2024) Short Term 15 minutes: 100 ppm. Limit value 8 hours: 50 ppm.</p>
n-Butyl acetate	<p>Ministers Cabinet Regulations Nr.325 - AER (Latvia, 3/2024) TWA 8 hours: 241 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 723 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.</p>
2-butoxyethyl acetate	<p>Ministers Cabinet Regulations Nr.325 - AER (Latvia, 3/2024) Absorbed through skin. STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 133 mg/m³.</p>

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Methyl methacrylate	TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 333 mg/m ³ . Ministers Cabinet Regulations Nr.325 - AER (Latvia, 3/2024) TWA 8 hours: 10 mg/m ³ .
n-Butyl acetate	Lithuanian Hygiene Standard HN 23 (Lithuania, 1/2024) TWA 8 hours: 241 mg/m ³ . TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 723 mg/m ³ . STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm.
2-butoxyethyl acetate	Lithuanian Hygiene Standard HN 23 (Lithuania, 1/2024) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 70 mg/m ³ . TWA 8 hours: 10 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 140 mg/m ³ . STEL 15 minutes: 20 ppm.
Methyl methacrylate	Lithuanian Hygiene Standard HN 23 (Lithuania, 1/2024) Sensitiser. TWA 8 hours: 208 mg/m ³ . TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 416 mg/m ³ . STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm.
n-Butyl acetate	Grand-Duchy Regulation 2016. Chemical agents. Annex I (Luxembourg, 3/2021) STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 723 mg/m ³ . TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 241 mg/m ³ .
2-butoxyethyl acetate	Grand-Duchy Regulation 2016. Chemical agents. Annex I (Luxembourg, 3/2021) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 133 mg/m ³ . STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 333 mg/m ³ .
Methyl methacrylate	Grand-Duchy Regulation 2016. Chemical agents. Annex I (Luxembourg, 3/2021) STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.
n-Butyl acetate	EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022) STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 723 mg/m ³ . TWA 8 hours: 241 mg/m ³ . TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.
2-butoxyethyl acetate	EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 133 mg/m ³ . STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 333 mg/m ³ .
Methyl methacrylate	EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022) TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm.
n-Butyl acetate	Ministry of Social Affairs and Employment, Legal limit values (Netherlands, 5/2024) TWA 8 hours: 241 mg/m ³ . STEL 15 minutes: 723 mg/m ³ . STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.
2-butoxyethyl acetate	Ministry of Social Affairs and Employment, Legal limit values (Netherlands, 5/2024) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 135 mg/m ³ . STEL 15 minutes: 333 mg/m ³ . TWA 8 hours: 20.3 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm.

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Methyl methacrylate	<p>Ministry of Social Affairs and Employment, Legal limit values (Netherlands, 5/2024)</p> <p>TWA 8 hours: 205 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 410 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.</p>
n-Butyl acetate	<p>FOR-2011-12-06-1358 (Norway, 5/2024)</p> <p>STEL 15 minutes: 723 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 241 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.</p>
2-butoxyethyl acetate	<p>FOR-2011-12-06-1358 (Norway, 5/2024) Absorbed through skin.</p> <p>TWA 8 hours: 10 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 65 mg/m³.</p>
Methyl methacrylate	<p>FOR-2011-12-06-1358 (Norway, 5/2024) Sensitiser.</p> <p>TWA 8 hours: 25 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 100 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 400 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm.</p>
n-Butyl acetate	<p>Regulation of the Minister of Family, Labor and Social Policy of June 12, 2018 on the maximum permissible concentrations and intensities of factors harmful to health in the work environment (Journal of Laws of 2018, item 1286) (Poland, 7/2024)</p> <p>TWA 8 hours: 240 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 720 mg/m³.</p>
2-butoxyethyl acetate	<p>Regulation of the Minister of Family, Labor and Social Policy of June 12, 2018 on the maximum permissible concentrations and intensities of factors harmful to health in the work environment (Journal of Laws of 2018, item 1286) (Poland, 7/2024) Absorbed through skin.</p> <p>TWA 8 hours: 100 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 300 mg/m³.</p>
Methyl methacrylate	<p>Regulation of the Minister of Family, Labor and Social Policy of June 12, 2018 on the maximum permissible concentrations and intensities of factors harmful to health in the work environment (Journal of Laws of 2018, item 1286) (Poland, 7/2024)</p> <p>TWA 8 hours: 100 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 300 mg/m³.</p>
n-Butyl acetate	<p>Portuguese Institute of Quality (Portugal, 11/2014)</p> <p>TWA 8 hours: 150 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 200 ppm.</p> <p>Decree-Law 24/2012 - Occupational exposure limits for chemical agents (Portugal, 6/2021)</p> <p>STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 723 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 241 mg/m³.</p>
2-butoxyethyl acetate	<p>Portuguese Institute of Quality (Portugal, 11/2014) A3.</p> <p>TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.</p> <p>Decree-Law 24/2012 - Occupational exposure limits for chemical agents (Portugal, 6/2021) Absorbed through skin.</p> <p>STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 333 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 133 mg/m³.</p>
Methyl methacrylate	<p>Portuguese Institute of Quality (Portugal, 11/2014) A4.</p> <p>Sensitiser.</p> <p>TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm.</p> <p>Decree-Law 24/2012 - Occupational exposure limits for</p>

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n-Butyl acetate	<p>chemical agents (Portugal, 6/2021) STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.</p> <p>HG 1218/2006, Annex 1, with subsequent modifications and additions (Romania, 3/2024) VLA 8 hours: 241 mg/m³. VLA 8 hours: 50 ppm. Short term 15 minutes: 723 mg/m³. Short term 15 minutes: 150 ppm.</p>
2-butoxyethyl acetate	<p>HG 1218/2006, Annex 1, with subsequent modifications and additions (Romania, 3/2024) Absorbed through skin. VLA 8 hours: 133 mg/m³. VLA 8 hours: 20 ppm. Short term 15 minutes: 333 mg/m³. Short term 15 minutes: 50 ppm.</p>
Methyl methacrylate	<p>HG 1218/2006, Annex 1, with subsequent modifications and additions (Romania, 3/2024) VLA 8 hours: 205 mg/m³. Short term 15 minutes: 410 mg/m³. VLA 8 hours: 50 ppm. Short term 15 minutes: 100 ppm.</p>
n-Butyl acetate	<p>Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 6/2024) [butylacetáty] Inhalation sensitiser. TWA 8 hours: 241 mg/m³ (Butyl acetates). TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm (Butyl acetates). STEL 15 minutes: 723 mg/m³ (Butyl acetates). STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm (Butyl acetates).</p>
2-butoxyethyl acetate	<p>Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 6/2024) Absorbed through skin , Inhalation sensitiser. TWA 8 hours: 133 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 333 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm.</p>
Methyl methacrylate	<p>Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 6/2024) Sensitiser , Inhalation sensitiser. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.</p>
n-Butyl acetate	<p>Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 4/2024) TWA 8 hours: 241 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. KTV 15 minutes: 723 mg/m³ 4 times per shift [time between two exposure events at this concentration must be at least 60 minutes]. KTV 15 minutes: 150 ppm 4 times per shift [time between two exposure events at this concentration must be at least 60 minutes].</p>
2-butoxyethyl acetate	<p>Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 4/2024) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 133 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. KTV 15 minutes: 333 mg/m³ 4 times per shift [time between two exposure events at this concentration must be at least 60 minutes]. KTV 15 minutes: 50 ppm 4 times per shift [time between two exposure events at this concentration must be at least 60 minutes].</p>
Methyl methacrylate	<p>Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 4/2024) TWA 8 hours: 210 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. KTV 15 minutes: 420 mg/m³ 4 times per shift [time between two exposure events at this concentration must be at least 60 minutes]. KTV 15 minutes: 100 ppm 4 times per shift [time between two exposure events at this concentration must be at least 60 minutes].</p>

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n-Butyl acetate	<p>National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain, 1/2024) TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 241 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 723 mg/m³.</p>
2-butoxyethyl acetate	<p>National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain, 1/2024) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 133 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 333 mg/m³.</p>
Methyl methacrylate	<p>National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain, 1/2024) Skin sensitiser. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm.</p>
n-Butyl acetate	<p>Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden, 11/2022) [butyl acetate] TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 241 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 723 mg/m³.</p>
2-butoxyethyl acetate	<p>Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden, 11/2022) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 10 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 70 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 333 mg/m³.</p>
Methyl methacrylate	<p>Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden, 11/2022) Sensitiser. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 200 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 400 mg/m³.</p>
n-Butyl acetate	<p>SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2025) TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 240 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 720 mg/m³.</p>
2-butoxyethyl acetate	<p>SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2025) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 10 ppm. Form: vapour and aerosols. TWA 8 hours: 66 mg/m³. Form: vapour and aerosols. STEL 15 minutes: 20 ppm. Form: vapour and aerosols. STEL 15 minutes: 132 mg/m³. Form: vapour and aerosols.</p>
Methyl methacrylate	<p>SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2025) Sensitiser. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 210 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 420 mg/m³.</p>
n-Butyl acetate	<p>EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020) STEL 15 minutes: 966 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 200 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 724 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 150 ppm.</p>
2-butoxyethyl acetate	<p>EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 332 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 133 mg/m³.</p>
Methyl methacrylate	<p>EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020) STEL 15 minutes: 416 mg/m³.</p>

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STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm.
TWA 8 hours: 208 mg/m³.
TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.

Biological exposure indices

Product/ingredient name	Exposure indices
<p>No exposure indices known.</p>	
<p>2-butoxyethyl acetate</p>	<p>Government regulation of Czech Republic Limit Values of Biological Exposure Tests (Czech Republic, 9/2015) Biological limit values: 0.17 mmol/mmol creatinine, butoxyacetic acid (after hydrolysis) [in urine]. Sampling time: the end of the shift at the end of the week. Biological limit values: 200 mg/g creatinine, butoxyacetic acid (after hydrolysis) [in urine]. Sampling time: the end of the shift at the end of the week.</p>
<p>No exposure indices known.</p> <p>No exposure indices known.</p> <p>No exposure indices known.</p> <p>No exposure indices known.</p>	
<p>2-butoxyethyl acetate</p>	<p>Biological limit values (BLV) - Labour Code / ANSES (France, 4/2023) [2- butoxyéthanol et son acétate] BLV: 100 mg/g Cr, 2-butoxyacetic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift (regardless of the day of the week).</p>
<p>2-butoxyethyl acetate</p>	<p>DFG BEI-values list (Germany, 7/2024) Notes: danger from percutaneous absorption (see p. 211 and p. 228). BEI: 150 mg/g creatinine, butoxyacetic acid (after hydrolysis) [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the shift, for long-term exposures after several previous shifts. TRGS 903 - BEI Values (Germany, 10/2024) BEI: 150 mg/g, butoxy acetic acid (after hydrolysis) [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the shift, for long-term exposure after several previous shifts.</p>
<p>No exposure indices known.</p>	

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<p>2-butoxyethyl acetate</p> <p>No exposure indices known.</p> <p>No exposure indices known.</p> <p>2-butoxyethyl acetate</p> <p>No exposure indices known.</p>	<p>Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 4/2024) BAT: 150 mg/g creatinine, butoxyacetic acid (after hydrolysis) [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift, at long-term exposure: at the end of the work shift after several consecutive workdays.</p> <p>SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2025) BEI: 150 mg/g creatinine, 2-butoxy acetic acid (after hydrolysis) [in urine]. Sampling time: immediately after exposure or after working hours. In case of long-term exposure: after more than one shift.</p>
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Recommended monitoring procedures : Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs/DMELs

Product/ingredient name

n-Butyl acetate

Result

DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral

2 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Short term - Oral

2 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal

3.4 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Short term - Dermal

6 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal

7 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Short term - Dermal

11 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation

12 mg/m³

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation

35.7 mg/m³

Effects: Local

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation

48 mg/m³

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Short term - Inhalation

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300 mg/m³
Effects: Local

DNEL - General population - Short term - Inhalation

300 mg/m³
Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation

300 mg/m³
Effects: Local

DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation

600 mg/m³
Effects: Local

DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation

600 mg/m³
Effects: Systemic

2-butoxyethyl acetate

DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation

80 mg/m³
Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation

133 mg/m³
Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Short term - Inhalation

200 mg/m³
Effects: Local

DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral

8.6 mg/kg bw/day
Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Short term - Oral

36 mg/kg bw/day
Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Short term - Dermal

72 mg/kg bw/day
Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal

102 mg/kg bw/day
Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Short term - Dermal

120 mg/kg bw/day
Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal

169 mg/kg bw/day
Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation

333 mg/m³
Effects: Local

Methyl methacrylate

DNEL - General population - Short term - Dermal

1.5 mg/cm²
Effects: Local

DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal

1.5 mg/cm²
Effects: Local

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DNEL - Workers - Short term - Dermal

1.5 mg/cm²

Effects: Local

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal

1.5 mg/cm²

Effects: Local

DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral

8.2 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal

8.2 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal

13.67 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation

74.3 mg/m³

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation

104 mg/m³

Effects: Local

DNEL - General population - Short term - Inhalation

208 mg/m³

Effects: Local

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation

208 mg/m³

Effects: Local

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation

348.4 mg/m³

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation

416 mg/m³

Effects: Local

N,N,4-trimethylpiperazine-1-ethylamine

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal

0.167 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation

0.59 mg/m³

Effects: Systemic

bis(2-dimethylaminoethyl)(methyl)aminebis
(2-dimethylaminoethyl)(methyl)amine

DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral

0.15 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal

0.15 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation

0.2608 mg/m³

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal

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0.3 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation

1.058 mg/m³

Effects: Systemic

PNECs

Not available.

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.

Skin protection

Hand protection : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Recommendations : Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

< 1 hour (breakthrough time): Nitrile gloves. thickness > 0.3 mm

1 - 4 hours (breakthrough time): 4H / Silver Shield® gloves.

Body protection : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.

Other skin protection : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Filter type: A

Filter type (spray application): A P

Environmental exposure controls : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state	: Liquid.
Colour	: Various
Odour	: Slight
Odour threshold	: Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	: Not available.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	:

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
n-Butyl acetate	126	258.8	OECD 103
2-butoxyethyl acetate	193 to 194	379.4 to 381.2	IP 123-93

Flammability	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosion limit	: Lower: 1.4% (n-butyl acetate) Upper: 7.6% (n-butyl acetate)
Flash point	: Closed cup: 27°C (80.6°F)
Auto-ignition temperature	:

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
2-butoxyethyl acetate	340	644	
n-Butyl acetate	415	779	EU A.15

Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
pH	: Not applicable.
Viscosity	: Not available.
Solubility(ies)	:
	Not available.

Solubility in water	: Not available.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	: Not applicable.
Vapour pressure	:

Ingredient name	Vapour Pressure at 20°C			Vapour pressure at 50°C		
	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
n-Butyl acetate	11.25096	1.5	DIN EN 13016-2			
2-butoxyethyl acetate	0.23	0.031				

Relative density	: Not available.
Density	: 1 g/cm ³
Vapour density	: Not available.
Particle characteristics	
Median particle size	: Not applicable.

9.2 Other information

9.2.1 Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Explosive properties	: Not available.
Oxidising properties	: Not available.

9.2.2 Other safety characteristics

Not applicable.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

- 10.1 Reactivity** : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
- 10.2 Chemical stability** : The product is stable.
- 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
- 10.4 Conditions to avoid** : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
- 10.5 Incompatible materials** : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:
oxidising materials
- 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name

n-Butyl acetate

Result

Rat - Oral - LD50

10760 mg/kg

EU

Rabbit - Dermal - LD50

14112 mg/kg

Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapour

0.74 mg/l [4 hours]

2-butoxyethyl acetate

Rat - Oral - LD50

2400 mg/kg

Toxic effects: Kidney, Ureter, and Bladder - Hematuria Kidney, Ureter, and Bladder - Other changes in urine composition

Rabbit - Dermal - LD50

1500 mg/kg

Toxic effects: Kidney, Ureter, and Bladder - Hematuria Kidney, Ureter, and Bladder - Other changes in urine composition
Blood - Normocytic anemia

Methyl methacrylate

Rat - Oral - LD50

7872 mg/kg

Toxic effects: Behavioral - Muscle weakness Behavioral - Coma Lung, Thorax, or Respiration - Respiratory depression

Rabbit - Dermal - LD50

>5 g/kg

Toxic effects: Skin After systemic exposure - Dermatitis, other

Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapour

78000 mg/m³ [4 hours]

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Acute toxicity estimates

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
ALPOCRYL KF 5372-30	N/A	17647.1	N/A	206.7	N/A
n-Butyl acetate	10760	14112	N/A	N/A	N/A
2-butoxyethyl acetate	2400	1500	N/A	11	N/A
Methyl methacrylate	7872	N/A	N/A	78	N/A
N,N,4-trimethylpiperazine-1-ethylamine	500	300	N/A	N/A	N/A
bis(2-dimethylaminoethyl)(methyl)aminebis(2-dimethylaminoethyl)(methyl)amine	500	300	N/A	3	N/A

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product/ingredient name

n-Butyl acetate

Result

Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant

Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours

Amount/concentration applied: 500 mg

2-butoxyethyl acetate

Rabbit - Skin - Mild irritant

Amount/concentration applied: 500 mg

N,N,4-trimethylpiperazine-1-ethylamine

Rabbit - Skin - Severe irritant

Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours

Amount/concentration applied: 5 mg

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product/ingredient name

n-Butyl acetate

Result

Rabbit - Eyes - Moderate irritant

Amount/concentration applied: 100 mg

2-butoxyethyl acetate

Rabbit - Eyes - Mild irritant

Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours

Amount/concentration applied: 500 mg

N,N,4-trimethylpiperazine-1-ethylamine

Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant

Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours

Amount/concentration applied: 750 ug

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Respiratory corrosion/irritation

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Not available.

Skin

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Respiratory

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Germ cell mutagenicity

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name

n-Butyl acetate
Methyl methacrylate

Result

STOT SE 3, H336 (Narcotic effects)
STOT SE 3, H335 (Respiratory tract irritation)

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on likely routes of exposure

Not available.

Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Skin contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

- Eye contact** : No specific data.
Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
nausea or vomiting
headache
drowsiness/fatigue
dizziness/vertigo
unconsciousness

- Skin contact** : No specific data.
Ingestion : No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure

- Potential immediate effects** : Not available.
Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

- Potential immediate effects** : Not available.
Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

General : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Reproductive toxicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

11.2 Information on other hazards

11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as having endocrine disrupting properties according to the criteria set out in either Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 or Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name

n-Butyl acetate

Result

Acute - LC50 - Fresh water

Fish - Fathead minnow - *Pimephales promelas*

Age: 31 to 32 days; Size: 21.6 mm; Weight: 0.175 g
18000 µg/l [96 hours]

Effect: Mortality

Acute - LC50 - Marine water

Crustaceans - Brine shrimp - *Artemia salina*

32 mg/l [48 hours]

Effect: Mortality

Methyl methacrylate

Acute - LC50 - Fresh water

Fish - Fathead minnow - *Pimephales promelas* - Adult

130000 µg/l [96 hours]

Effect: Mortality

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP _{ow}	BCF	Potential
n-Butyl acetate	2.3	-	Low
2-butoxyethyl acetate	1.51	-	Low
Methyl methacrylate	1.38	-	Low

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient

Product/ingredient name	logK _{oc}	K _{oc}
n-Butyl acetate	1.5	33.2139
2-butoxyethyl acetate	2.1	112.842
Methyl methacrylate	1.2	16.6906
N,N,4-trimethylpiperazine-1-ethylamine	2.1	131.573
bis(2-dimethylaminoethyl)(methyl)aminebis(2-dimethylaminoethyl)(methyl)amine	2.4	234.729

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Results of PMT and vPvM assessment

Product/ingredient name	PMT	P	M	T	vPvM	vP	vM
n-Butyl acetate	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
2-butoxyethyl acetate	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Methyl methacrylate	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
N,N,4-trimethylpiperazine-1-ethylamine	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
bis(2-dimethylaminoethyl) (methyl)aminebis (2-dimethylaminoethyl) (methyl)amine	No	No	No	No	No	No	No

Mobility : Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as a PMT or vPvM.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 [REACH]

Product/ingredient name	PBT	P	B	T	vPvB	vP	vB
n-Butyl acetate	No	N/A	N/A	No	N/A	N/A	N/A
2-butoxyethyl acetate	No	N/A	N/A	No	N/A	N/A	N/A
Methyl methacrylate	No	N/A	N/A	No	N/A	N/A	N/A
N,N,4-trimethylpiperazine-1-ethylamine	No	N/A	N/A	No	N/A	N/A	N/A
bis(2-dimethylaminoethyl) (methyl)aminebis (2-dimethylaminoethyl) (methyl)amine	No	N/A	N/A	No	N/A	N/A	N/A

Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Product/ingredient name	PBT	P	B	T	vPvB	vP	vB
n-Butyl acetate	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
2-butoxyethyl acetate	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Methyl methacrylate	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
N,N,4-trimethylpiperazine-1-ethylamine	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
bis(2-dimethylaminoethyl) (methyl)aminebis (2-dimethylaminoethyl) (methyl)amine	No	No	No	No	No	No	No

Conclusion/Summary : The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as a PBT or vPvB.

Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as having endocrine disrupting properties according to the criteria set out in either Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 or Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Methods of disposal : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

Hazardous waste : The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.

European waste catalogue (EWC) : 08 01 11

Packaging

Methods of disposal : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

Special precautions : This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number or ID number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3 	3 	3 	3 
14.4 Packing group	III	III	III	III
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	Yes.	No.	No.

Additional information

ADR/RID : **Tunnel code** (D/E)

ADN : The product is only regulated as an environmentally hazardous substance when transported in tank vessels.

14.6 Special precautions for user : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments : Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Product/ingredient name	%	Designation [Usage]
ALPOCRYL KF 5372-30	≥90	3

Labelling :

Other EU regulations

Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air : Not listed

Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Water : Not listed

Explosive precursors : Not applicable.

Ozone depleting substances (EU 2024/590)

Not listed.

Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)

Not listed.

Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Seveso Directive

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

Danger criteria

Category
P5c

National regulations

Austria

VbF class : Category 3

Limitation of the use of organic solvents : Permitted.

Belgium

Czech Republic

Storage code : II

Denmark

Fire class : II-1

MAL-code : 5-6

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Protection based on MAL : According to the regulations on work involving coded products, the following stipulations apply to the use of personal protective equipment:

General: Gloves must be worn for all work that may result in soiling. Apron/coveralls/protective clothing must be worn when soiling is so great that regular work clothes do not adequately protect skin against contact with the product. A face shield must be worn in work involving spattering if a full mask is not required. In this case, other recommended use of eye protection is not required.

In all spraying operations in which there is return spray, the following must be worn: respiratory protection and arm protectors/apron/coveralls/protective clothing as appropriate or as instructed.

MAL-code: 5-6

Application: When using scraper or knife, brush, roller etc. for pre- and post-treatments in a spray booth where the operator is outside the spray zone and when working in similar new* facilities of the combined-cabin, spray-cabin and spray-booth type where the operator is working inside the spray zone. When spraying in new* booths and cabins with non-atomizing guns.

- Protective clothing must be worn.

During non-atomising spraying in existing* facilities of the combined-cabin, spray-cabin and spray-booth type where the operator is working inside the spray zone. When spraying in existing* spray booths, if the operator is outside the spray zone. When using scraper or knife, brush, roller, etc. for pre- and post-treatments in cabins or booths of the existing* facility type, if the operator is inside the spray zone. When using scraper or knife, brush, roller, etc. for pre- and post-treatments outside a closed facility, spray booth or spray cabin. During downtimes, cleaning and repair in closed facilities, spray booths or cabins, if there is a risk of contact with wet paint or organic solvents.

- Air-supplied full mask and protective clothing must be worn.

When spraying in new* booths if the operator is outside the spray zone.

- Air-supplied full mask must be worn.

During all spraying where atomisation occurs in cabins or spray booths where the operator is inside the spray zone and during spraying outside a closed facility, cabin or booth.

- Air-supplied full mask, protective clothing and hood must be worn.

Drying: Items for drying/drying ovens that are temporarily placed on such things as rack trolleys, etc. must be equipped with a mechanical exhaust system to prevent fumes from wet items from passing through workers' inhalation zone.

Polishing: When polishing treated surfaces, a mask with dust filter must be worn. When machine grinding, eye protection must be worn. Work gloves must always be worn.

Caution The regulations contain other stipulations in addition to the above.

*See Regulations.

Restrictions on use : Not to be used by professional users below 18 years of age. See the National Working Environment Authorities Executive Order regarding Young People At Work.

List of undesirable substances : Not listed

Finland

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SECTION 15: Regulatory information

France

Social Security Code, Articles L 461-1 to L 461-7 : n-Butyl acetate RG 84
2-butoxyethyl acetate RG 84
Methyl methacrylate RG 82

Reinforced medical surveillance : Act of July 11, 1977 determining the list of activities which require reinforced medical surveillance: not applicable

Germany

Storage class (TRGS 510) : 3

Hazardous incident ordinance

This product is controlled under the Germany Hazardous Incident Ordinance.

Danger criteria

Category	Reference number
P5c	1.2.5.3

Hazard class for water : 1

Technical instruction on air quality control (TA Luft)

Number [Class]	Description	%
5.2.1	Total dust	9.4
5.2.5	Organic substances	90.6
5.2.5 [I]	Organic substances	55.6

Italy

D.Lgs. 152/06 : Not determined.

Netherlands

Water Discharge Policy (ABM) : A(3) Hazardous for aquatic organisms, may have long-term hazardous effects in aquatic environment. Decontamination effort: A

Norway

Sweden

Flammable liquid class (SRVFS 2005:10) : 2a

Switzerland

VOC content : VOC (w/w): 53.9%

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment : This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.

SECTION 16: Other information

📌 Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008]
DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement
N/A = Not available
PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
RRN = REACH Registration Number
SGG = Segregation Group
vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336	On basis of test data Calculation method

Full text of abbreviated H statements

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H311	Toxic in contact with skin.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

Acute Tox. 3	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 3
Acute Tox. 4	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4
Aquatic Chronic 3	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3
Eye Dam. 1	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
Flam. Liq. 2	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
Skin Corr. 1B	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B
Skin Irrit. 2	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
Skin Sens. 1	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1
STOT SE 3	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3

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Version : 1

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All variants

Notice to reader

The information in this SDS is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws. The product is not to be used for purposes other than those specified under section 1 without first obtaining written handling instructions. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfil the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. The information in this SDS is meant to be a description of the safety requirements for our product. It is not to be considered a guarantee of the product's properties.

