Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by UK REACH Regulation SI 2019/758

SAFETY DATA SHEET



ÄKTA LINOLJEFÄRG - All variants

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : ÄKTA LINOLJEFÄRG - All variants

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised againstProduct use: Paint.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.

e-mail address of person : Prod-safe@teknos.com responsible for this SDS

National contact

Teknos (UK) Limited, 7 Longlands Rd, Bicester, Oxfordshire OX26 5AH, United Kingdom. Tel. +44 (0) 1869 208005.

1.4 Emergency telephone number

National advisory body/Poison Centre

Telephone number : NHS: 111

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to UK CLP/GHS

Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

The product is classified as hazardous according to UK CLP Regulation SI 2019/720 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word	: Warning
Hazard statements	 H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour. H315 - Causes skin irritation. H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction. H319 - Causes serious eye irritation. H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	
General	: P102 - Keep out of reach of children.

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SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Prevention	0 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face prote 0 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, op ces. No smoking. 3 - Avoid release to the environment.	
Response	1 - Collect spillage.	
Storage	applicable.	
Disposal	1 - Dispose of contents and container in accordant on a container in accordant on a land international regulations.	ce with all local, regional,
Supplemental label elements	ning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be forme the spray or mist. Contains biocidal products for o ervation: DCOIT and OIT.	
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	applicable.	
2.3 Other hazards		
Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII	mixture does not contain any substances that are B.	assessed to be a PBT or a
Other hazards which do not result in classification	e known.	

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Туре
fanium dioxide	REACH #: 01-2119489379-17 EC: 236-675-5 CAS: 13463-67-7	≥10 - ≤25	Carc. 2, H351 (inhalation)	[1] [*]
Zinc oxide	REACH #: 01-2119463881-32 EC: 215-222-5 CAS: 1314-13-2 Index: 030-013-00-7	≤7.5	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1)	[1]
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated neavy	REACH #: 01-2119457273-39 EC: 265-150-3 CAS: 64742-48-9 Index: 649-327-00-6	≤5	Asp. Tox. 1, H304 EUH066	[1]
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated neavy	REACH #: 01-2119463258-33 EC: 265-150-3 CAS: 64742-48-9 Index: 649-327-00-6	≤5	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 EUH066	[1]
neodecanoic acid, zirconium salt	EC: 254-259-1 CAS: 39049-04-2	≤0.3	Skin Irrit. 2, H315	[1] [2]
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	REACH #: 01-2119970733-31 EC: 248-373-0 CAS: 27253-31-2	≤0.3	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT RE 1, H372 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	[1] [2]
I-Methoxy 2-propanol	REACH #: 01-2119457435-35 EC: 203-539-1 CAS: 107-98-2 Index: 603-064-00-3	≤0.3	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336	[1] [2]
1,5-dichloro-2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-	EC: 264-843-8	<0.1	Acute Tox. 4, H302	[1]

3-one	CAS: 64359-81-5		Acute Tox. 2, H330	
	Index: 613-335-00-8		Skin Corr. 1, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400	
			(M=100) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=100) EUH071	
Propylene glycol	REACH #: 01-2119456809-23 EC: 200-338-0 CAS: 57-55-6	≤0.1	Not classified.	[2]
2-Octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	EC: 247-761-7 CAS: 26530-20-1 Index: 613-112-00-5	≤0.055	Acute Tox. 3, H301 Acute Tox. 3, H311 Acute Tox. 2, H330 Skin Corr. 1, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=100) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=100) EUH071	[1]
phthalic anhydride	REACH #: 01-2119457017-41 EC: 201-607-5 CAS: 85-44-9 Index: 607-009-00-4	≤0.1	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Resp. Sens. 1, H334 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT SE 3, H335	[1] [2
			See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

<u>Type</u>

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

The classification as a carcinogen by inhalation applies only to mixtures placed on the market in powder form containing 1% or more of titanium dioxide particles with aerodynamic diameter \leq 10 µm not bound within a matrix.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of firs	t aid measures
Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

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SECTION 4: First aid measures

Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symp Over-exposure signs/sy	otoms and effects, both acute and delayed <u>ymptoms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: No specific data.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician	 Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media		
Suitable extinguishing media	:	Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	Do not use water jet.
5.2 Special hazards arising f	ron	the substance or mixture
Hazards from the substance or mixture	:	Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous combustion products	:	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide metal oxide/oxides
5.3 Advice for firefighters		
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	:	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	:	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

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SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, pro	tective equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
6.2 Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.
6.3 Methods and material for	containment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spill product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.
6.4 Reference to other sections	: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures :	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general : occupational hygiene	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

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SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds

Danger criteria

Category	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
P5c	5000 tonne	50000 tonne
E2	200 tonne	500 tonne

7.3 Specific end use(s)

8.1 Control parameters

Recommendations	: Not available.
Industrial sector specific	: Not available.
solutions	

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits	
reodecanoic acid, zirconium salt	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). [zirconium compounds as Zr] STEL: 10 mg/m ³ , (as Zr) 15 minutes. TWA: 5 mg/m ³ , (as Zr) 8 hours.
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	EH40/2005 WELS (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). [cobalt and cobalt compounds as Co] Inhalation sensitiser. TWA: 0.1 mg/m ³ , (as Co) 8 hours.
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 560 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 375 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
Propylene glycol	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Particulate TWA: 474 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: total vapour and particulates TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours. Form: total vapour and particulates
phthalic anhydride	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Inhalation sensitiser. STEL: 12 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. TWA: 4 mg/m ³ 8 hours.

Biological exposure indices

No exposure indices known.

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Recommended monitoring : Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.
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DNELs/DMELs

Product/ingredient name	Туре	Exposure	Value	Populatior	n Effects
Zínc oxide	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.5 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.83 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	2.5 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	5 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	83 mg/kg	General	Systemic
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			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	83 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.41 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
leavy	DNEL	Long term	1.9 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Inhalation Long term	178.57 mg/	General	Local
		Inhalation	m ³	population	Local
	DNEL	Long term Oral	300 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	300 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	300 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	640 mg/m ³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	837.5 mg/ m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	1066.67 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	1152 mg/ m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	1286.4 mg/	Workers	Systemic
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated neavy	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.41 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
icary	DNEL	Long term	1.9 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term	178.57 mg/ m³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Long term Oral	300 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	300 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	300 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	640 mg/m ³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Long term	837.5 mg/	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Inhalation Short term Inhalation	m ³ 1066.67	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term	mg/m ³ 1152 mg/	General	Systemic
	DNEL	Inhalation Short term	m ³ 1286.4 mg/ m ³	population Workers	Systemic
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	DNEL	Inhalation Long term Oral	32 µg/kg	General	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	bw/day 43 µg/m³	population General population	Local
	DNEL	Long term	273.2 µg/ m³	Workers	Local
I-Methoxy 2-propanol	DNEL	Long term Oral	33 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	43.9 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	78 mg/kg	General	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	bw/day 183 mg/kg bw/day	population Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	bw/day 369 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	553.5 mg/ m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term	m ^e 553.5 mg/	Workers	Systemic

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		Inhalation	m³		
Propylene glycol	DNEL	Long term	10 mg/m ³	General	Local
		Inhalation	_	population	
	DNEL	Long term	10 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	_		
	DNEL	Long term	50 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term	168 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			
phthalic anhydride	DNEL	Short term Oral	25 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Oral	5 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	5 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term	8.7 mg/m³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	14 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
			bw/day		
	DNEL	Long term	49.4 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			

PNECs

No PNECs available

8.2 Exposure controls			
Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.		
Individual protection meas	ures		
 Hygiene measures Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated of Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Was contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and satisfies showers are close to the workstation location. 			
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.		
Skin protection			
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard shoul be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicate this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacture check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.		
	Recommendations : Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.		
	< 1 hour (breakthrough time): Nitrile gloves. thickness > 0.3 mm		
	1 - 4 hours (breakthrough time): polyvinyl alcohol (PVA) thickness > 0.3 mm or $4H$ / Silver Shield® gloves.		
	> 8 hours (breakthrough time): Viton® thickness > 0.3 mm gloves		
	Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product.		

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

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Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.			
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.			
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other import aspects of use.			
	Filter type: A			
	Filter type (spray application): A P			
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.			

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Colour	: Various
Odour	: Slight
Odour threshold	: Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	: Not available.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	:

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
Maphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	155 to 217	311 to 422.6	
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	155 to 217	311 to 422.6	

Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	: ∠ ower: 1.4% Upper: 7.6%
Flash point	: Ø losed cup: 38°C (100.4°F)
Auto-ignition temperature	1 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

Auto-ignition temperature

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
Maphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	280 to 470	536 to 878	
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	280 to 470	536 to 878	

Decomposition temperature	÷	Not available.
рН	1	Not applicable.
Viscosity	1	Not available.
Solubility(ies)	1	
Not available.		
Solubility in water	:	Not available.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	:	Not applicable.
Vapour pressure	:	

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	Va	Vapour Pressure at 20°C		Vapour pressure at 50°C		
Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
Maphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	0.75006 to 2.25018	0.1 to 0.3				
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	0.75006 to 2.25018	0.1 to 0.3				
elative density	: Not	available.	-			
ensity	: 1.6	g/cm³				
apour density	: Not	available.				
xplosive properties	: Not	available.				
xidising properties	: Not	available.				
article characteristics Median particle size	: Not	applicable.				

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
10.2 Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
10.5 Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	8500 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>6 g/kg	-
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	8500 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>6 g/kg	-
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	13 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	6600 mg/kg	-
4,5-dichloro-2-octyl-2H-	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and	Rat - Male,	0.26 mg/l	4 hours
isothiazol-3-one	mists	Female		
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>652 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1585 mg/kg	-
Propylene glycol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	20800 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	20 g/kg	-
2-Octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	690 mg/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	550 mg/kg	-
phthalic anhydride	LD50 Oral	Rat	1530 mg/kg	-

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Route

Not available.

Irritation/Corrosion **Product/ingredient name** Result **Species Score Exposure Observation** titanium dioxide Skin - Mild irritant Human 72 hours 300 _ _ ug I Zinc oxide Eyes - Mild irritant Rabbit 24 hours 500 -ma Skin - Mild irritant Rabbit 24 hours 500 -_ mg 1-Methoxy 2-propanol Eyes - Mild irritant Rabbit 24 hours 500 _ mg Skin - Mild irritant Rabbit 500 mg _ Propylene glycol Eyes - Mild irritant Rabbit 100 mg -Eyes - Mild irritant Rabbit 24 hours 500 _ mg Skin - Mild irritant 168 hours Human 500 mg Skin - Mild irritant Woman 96 hours 30 _ % Skin - Moderate irritant Child 96 hours 30 _ % C Skin - Moderate irritant Human 72 hours 104 mg I 2-Octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one Eyes - Severe irritant Rabbit 100 mg phthalic anhydride 24 hours 50 Eyes - Moderate irritant Rabbit _ mg **Conclusion/Summary** : Causes skin irritation. Sensitisation **Conclusion/Summary** : May cause an allergic skin reaction. **Mutagenicity Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

It has been observed that the carcinogenic hazard of this product arises when respirable dust is inhaled in quantities leading to significant impairment of particle clearance mechanisms in the lung.

Conclusion/Summary	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Reproductive toxicity	
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Teratogenicity	
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Specific torget organ toxi	vity (cingle expective)

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy 1-Methoxy 2-propanol phthalic anhydride	Category 3 Category 3 Category 3	- -	Narcotic effects Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
reodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	Category 1	-	-

Aspiration hazard

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ATE value

Product/	ingredient name	Result
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
nformation on likely routes of exposure	: Not available.	
Potential acute health effects	5	
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye	irritation.
Inhalation	: No known significant	t effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritatior	n. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: No known significant	t effects or critical hazards.
Symptoms related to the phy	vsical, chemical and tox	cicological characteristics
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms r pain or irritation watering redness	nay include the following:
Inhalation	: No specific data.	
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms r irritation redness	may include the following:
Ingestion	: No specific data.	
Delayed and immediate effec	ts as well as chronic ef	ffects from short and long-term exposure
Short term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.	
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.	
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.	
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.	
Potential chronic health eff	<u>ects</u>	
Not available.		
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.	
General		evere allergic reaction may occur when subsequently expose
Carcinogenicity	•	t effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	•	t effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	Ũ	t effects or critical hazards.
	Ũ	

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

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SECTION 12: Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
itanium dioxide	Acute LC50 3 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Water flea - <i>Ceriodaphnia dubia</i> - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 6.5 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia pulex - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >1000000 μg/l Marine water	Fish - Mummichog - Fundulus heteroclitus	96 hours
Zinc oxide	Acute IC50 46 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Green algae - <i>Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata</i> - Exponential growth phase	72 hours
	Acute IC50 1.85 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Diatom - Skeletonema	96 hours
	Acute LC50 98 μg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1.1 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Rainbow trout, donaldson trout - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
1,5-dichloro-2-octyl-2H- sothiazol-3-one	Acute EC50 0.003 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Green algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours
	Acute EC50 18 ppb Marine water	Algae - Diatom - <i>Skeletonema</i> costatum	96 hours
	Acute EC50 0.001 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 22 μg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Scud - Gammarus pulex	48 hours
	Acute LC50 2.7 ppb Fresh water	Fish - Rainbow trout,donaldson trout - <i>Oncorhynchus mykiss</i>	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 19.789 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Diatom - <i>Nitzschia</i> <i>pungens</i>	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.56 ppb	Fish - Rainbow trout,donaldson trout - Oncorhynchus mykiss	97 days
Propylene glycol	Acute EC50 19300 mg/l Fresh water Acute EC50 43500 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Algae Daphnia - Daphnia - <i>Daphnia</i>	96 hours 48 hours
	Acute LC50 18340000 µg/l Fresh water	<i>magna</i> Crustaceans - Water flea - <i>Ceriodaphnia dubia</i>	48 hours
	Acute LC50 40613 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Trout - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
2-Octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	Acute EC50 107 ppb Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 47 ppb Fresh water	Fish - Rainbow trout,donaldson trout - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 74 ppb Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia magna	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 8.5 ppb	Fish - Fathead minnow - Pimephales promelas	35 days
ohthalic anhydride	Acute EC50 147 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Green algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	96 hours

• Toxic to aquatic life with ong lasting

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary	: This product has not been tested for biodegradation.		
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Propylene glycol	-	-	Readily

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

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SECTION 12: Ecological information			
Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Zínc oxide	-	28960	High
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	-	10 to 2500	High
Naphtha (petroleum), nydrotreated heavy	-	10 to 2500	High
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	-	15600	High
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	<1	-	Low
Propylene glycol	-1.07	-	Low
2-Octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	2.45	-	Low
phthalic anhydride	1.6	3.4	Low

12.4 Mobility in soil	
Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.
Mobility	: Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Other adverse effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
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13.1 Waste treatment meth	nods
Product	
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.
Hazardous waste	: The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.
European waste catalogue (EWC)	: 080111*, 200127*
Packaging	
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.
Special precautions	: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Date of issue/Date of re ÄKTA LINOLJEFÄR		D24 Date of previous issue	: 05/10/2023	Version : 4 14/19 Label No : 76390

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3			3	3	AK.	3
		• <	¥_2				
14.4 Packing group	111			111	111		111
14.5 Environmental hazards	Yes.			Yes.	Yes.		Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
Additional informa	ation						
ADR/RID		:	sizes of s	ronmentally hazaro ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. <u>code</u> (D/E)	lous substance	mark is not rec	quired when transported in
ADN		:		ronmentally hazaro ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.	lous substance	mark is not reo	quired when transported in
IMDG		:	The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg				
ΙΑΤΑ		:	The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.				
14.6 Special preca	utions for	:	upright a		that persons tra		losed containers that are product know what to do ir
user							

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

UK (GB)/REACH

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Ozone depleting substances

Not listed.

Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

Persistent Organic Pollutants Not listed.

Not listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

No listed substance

Seveso Directive

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

Danger criteria

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SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Category

P5c

E2

National regulations

Product/ingredient name	List name	Name on list	Classification	Notes
salt	UK Occupational Exposure Limits EH40 - WEL	cobalt and cobalt compounds as Co	Carc.	-

EU regulations

Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air	: Not listed
Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Water	: Not listed

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

: This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
acronyms	GB CLP = UK CLP (EC No 1272/2008) on the Classification, Labelling and
	Packaging of Substances and Mixtures as amended by (EU Exit) Regulations 2019
	No. 720 and amendments
	DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
	DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
	EUH statement = GB CLP-specific Hazard statement
	N/A = Not available
	PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
	PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
	RRN = REACH Registration Number
	SGG = Segregation Group
	vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative
	VFVD – Very Fersistent and Very Dioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification

SECTION 16: Other information		
Classification	Justification	
Flam. Liq. 3, H226	On basis of test data	
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	Calculation method	
Eye Irrit. 2, H319	Calculation method	
Skin Sens. 1, H317	Calculation method	
Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	Calculation method	

Full text of abbreviated H statements

H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H301	Toxic if swallowed.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H311	Toxic in contact with skin.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H330	Fatal if inhaled.
H334	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
EUH071	Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

Full text of classifications

Acute Tox. 2	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 2	
Acute Tox. 3	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 3	
Acute Tox. 4	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4	
Aquatic Acute 1	SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1	
Aquatic Chronic 1	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1	
Aquatic Chronic 2	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2	
Aquatic Chronic 3	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3	
Asp. Tox. 1	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1	
Carc. 2	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2	
Eye Dam. 1	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1	
Eye Irrit. 2	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2	
Flam. Liq. 3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3	
Resp. Sens. 1	RESPIRATORY SENSITISATION - Category 1	
Skin Corr. 1	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1	
Skin Irrit. 2	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2	
Skin Sens. 1	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1	
Skin Sens. 1A	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1A	
STOT RE 1	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 1	
STOT SE 3	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3	
Date of issue/ Date of	: 24/01/2024	
revision		
Date of previous issue	e : 05/10/2023	
Version	: 4	

Notice to reader

SECTION 16: Other information

The information in this SDS is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws. The product is not to be used for purposes other than those specified under section 1 without first obtaining written handling instructions. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfil the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. The information in this SDS is meant to be a description of the safety requirements for our product. It is not to be considered a guarantee of the product's properties.

Date of issue/Date of revision ÄKTA LINOLJEFÄRG - All variants

: 24/01/2024 Date of previous issue